

BBC Studioworks

Manual Handling H&S Arrangements

Health & Safety Arrangements



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1. Introduction

The Regulations require that a suitable and sufficient risk assessment must be carried out when hazardous manual handling is unavoidable.

The aim of the manual handling risk assessment is to make a well-informed decision about the measures necessary to prevent, or adequately control high risk manual handling operations and reduce the risk of injury. It can form part of a more general risk assessment for a specific work task and its complexity should reflect the magnitude of the manual handling risk being assessed.

The assessment should follow an ergonomic approach and consider the Task, Individual Capabilities; the characteristics of the Load and the work Environment (T.I.L.E.) associated with the activity (see appendix 1).

2. Risk Assessment Arrangements

2.1 Avoid, Eliminate, Automate or Mechanise Manual Handling

The first control measure to consider is whether the manual handling activity can be avoided. This may be achieved by elimination, automation or mechanisation of the task.

2.2 Manual Handling Risk Assessment

Manual handling assessments should be carried out by a competent person, recorded and reviewed regularly. The competent person must attend and successfully complete Manual Handling Assessor Training. A third-party trainer may provide this training and can assist in the risk assessment process.

Manual handling risk assessment outcomes should be communicated to the employees undertaking the work. Those in control of the work must ensure the control measures are implemented and used by their team. The person overseeing the activity, in conjunction with other competent persons, will monitor the effectiveness of the control measures.

The majority of manual handling activities carried out are covered by the following Studioworks risk assessments:

- 1. Studio Preparation and General Risk Assessment
- 2. Safe Movement and Build of Sets, Scenery and Props
- 3. Manual Handling: Scenic & Miscellaneous Handling
- 4. Manual Handling: Rigging & De-rigging



5. Manual Handling: Rigging & De-rigging (grid work)

When manual handling activities are required for a specific task then a separate risk assessment should be completed accordingly i.e. **Safe Handling of Cameras & Pedestals**.

Where an existing manual handling risk assessment is not available then the **Manual Handling Assessment Checklist** (see Appendix 2) can be used to assess the risks.

2.3 Manual handling aids

Mechanical assistance from the use of handling aids (e.g. teddy trucks and trolleys) can help reduce the risk of injury. If the manual handling assessment identifies that a lifting aid is needed, it should be suitable and sufficient for the task and fulfil Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations 1998 (PUWER) requirements. Users of aids must be trained, and regular checks of the equipment carried out and recorded.

2.4 Reporting of high risk activities and injuries

Anyone engaged by Studioworks must report high risk manual handling activities to the to the supervisor. If the manual handling activity is perceived to be extremely high risk the person undertaking the task must NOT proceed and should immediately inform the supervisor or someone with similar authority, to facilitate remedial action. Anyone undertaking a task shall report manual handling accidents and incidents to their supervisor, who will complete an Incident form as soon as possible.

3. Training

The business provides periodic training courses on managing the risks of manual handling operations. This is based on the health and safety (mandatory) policy for BBC Studioworks.

3.1 For managers and supervisors – Manual handling assessor training.

This course will equip participants with the skills to assess manual handling operations raising awareness of manual handling hazards, risks and controls, whilst installing basic knowledge of anatomy, mechanics of movement and causes of manual handling injuries, and guiding participants on how to carry out a suitable and sufficient manual handling risk assessment.

3.2 For all Staff involved in manual handling activities – Practical manual handling training. The course focuses on manual handling hazards, the risks from manual handling, safe lifting techniques and control measures. It includes an element of practical lifting exercises.



3.3 For all Staff who have previously attended the practical manual handling training – A refresher course.

This refresher course will give staff the opportunity to discuss any lifting experiences or concerns in a small group environment, the course reminds delegates of the key points on assessing hazards and risk control taught in the practical manual handling training, and advises on safe lifting/carrying techniques with an opportunity for participants to try them out, a short group exercise will be set to ensure that staff are competent in carrying out dynamic risk assessments.

4. Monitoring & review

Any assessment should be kept up to date. It should be reviewed if new information comes to light or if there has been a change in the manual handling operations. The assessment should also be reviewed if a reportable injury occurs or when individual employees suffer an illness, injury or the onset of disability which may make them more vulnerable to risk. The business will monitor the effectiveness of this policy by means of inspection, audit the study of reported incidents and consultation with the health and safety source of competent advice regarding the number of work-related occupational health referrals.

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5. Appendix 1 - T.I.L.E. (Hazard Information)

TASK	INDIVIDUAL
Strenuous pulling/pushing	Inexperience
Bending	Competence
Overreaching	Training
Twisting movements	Age
Repetition handling	Gender
Carrying long distance	Health
Static muscle work	Strength
Team handling	Ability to communicate
Bonus schemes	Attitude
Handling above head height	Disability
Handling away from the body	Pregnancy
Insufficient rest time	Mental ability
LOAD	ENVIRONMENT
	Confined space
Centre of gravity	Obstacles
Weight	Hot/cold
Bulky Size	Humidity
Slippery to hold	Lighting
Difficult to grasp	Ventilation
Fragile contents	Weather (e.g. wind, ice)
Shifting contents	Slip trip hazards
Badly stacked	Holes/slopes
Hot temperature	Uneven floors
Sharp edges	Stairs
Right way up	III-fitting PPE
Too big to see over	Proximity of other workers
	Other hazards (e.g. vehicles)



Manual Handling Risk Assessment Checklist

THE TASKS: Do they involve		(controls required)		
Holding loads away from the trunk?	y n	improve workplace layout to improve efficiency		
Twisting?	y n	reduce the amount of twisting		
Stooping?	y n	reduce the amount of stooping		
Reaching upwards/vertical movements?	y n	avoid lifting from floor level or above shoulder height		
Long carrying distances?	y n	reduce carrying distances		
Strenuous pushing or pulling?	y n	push rather than pull		
Unpredictable movement of loads?	y n	use a lifting aid		
Repetitive movements?	y n	avoid repetitive handling		
Insufficient rest & recovery periods?	y n	vary the work, allowing one set of muscles to rest while another is used		
A work rate imposed by a process?	y n			
THE LOADS: are they		(controls required)		
Heavy?	y n	make lighter		
Bulky/unwieldy?	y n	make less bulky		
Difficult to grasp?	y n	make easier to grasp		
Unstable or unpredictable?	y n	make more stable		
Intrinsically hazardous (sharp edges etc.)	y n	Make less damaging to hold		
The above may be achieved by asking the supplier/contractor of externally sourced goods to provide handles or smaller packages.				
THE ENVIRONMENT: are there		(controls required)		
Constraints on posture?	y n	remove obstructions to free		



		movement and provide adequate space for the movement of people
Poor floors?	y n	provide floors and traffic routes which are in good condition
Uneven surfaces?	y n	avoid steps and steep ramps
Hot, cold or humid conditions?	y n	prevent extremes of hot or cold
Strong air movements?	y n	provide adequate ventilation
Poor lighting conditions?	y n	improve lighting
Working at height?	y n	prevent falling objects or falls from height
THE INDIVIDUALS: does the j	ob require	(controls required)
Require unusual capabilities?	y n	give more information about the range of tasks to workers
Hazardous to those with health problems?	y n	pay particular attention to those who have a physical weakness
Hazard pregnant workers or nursing mothers?	y n	take extra care of pregnant workers
Require special training or information?	y n	provide more training/information
OTHERS:		(controls required)
Does PPE interfere with any aspect of the task?	y n	ensure work clothing and PPE is suitable for the work and/or is not restrictive
Handling aids, equipment and work organisation suitable?	y n	 provide equipment that is more suitable for the task
		 ensure equipment designed to be "wheeled" can move easily
		 provide better handles and grips
		 make brakes easier to use, reliable and effective



		 make workloads and deadlines achievable 				
		 encourage effective communication and teamwork 				
TOTALS:						
The totals of YES & NO answers should guide you in your evaluation of risk, the more YES answers the higher the risk.						
Is the risk adequately controlled?	y n	(comments)				
ASSESSOR		DATE				